

## MISGA Proposed Local Rules Adoption for Mixers

All proposed rule and Local Rule adoption are in the interest of pace of play.

1. Use Rule 21.2 Maximum Score
  - a. Set Maximum score for each player at net double bogey.
  - b. When a player reaches net double bogey on any hole pick up, they do not need to hole out to post the score.

## Local Rules

### 1. Model Local Rule E-5 Out of Bounds/Lost Ball in lieu of Stroke and Distance

When a player's ball cannot be found or is *known or virtually certain* to be *out of bounds*, the player may proceed as follows rather than proceeding under *stroke and distance*.

For **two penalty strokes**, the player may take relief by *dropping* the original ball or a *substituted ball* in this *relief area* (see Rule 14.3).

Note --- there is full page of text defining the Relief Area that that can be seen in the pro shop.

### 2. K-1 Maximum Time for All or Part of Round

Model Local Rule K-1

"If a group finishes the round more than the starting interval behind the group in front (15 minutes) and over [specify time, for example, 4 hours 30 minutes] from the time of starting all players in the group are disqualified for any prizes."

## Full definition of Local Rule E-1

“When a player’s ball has not been found or is [known or virtually certain](#) to be [out of bounds](#), the player may proceed as follows rather than proceeding under [stroke and distance](#).

For two penalty strokes, the player may take relief by [dropping](#) the original ball or another ball in this [relief area](#) (see [Rule 14.3](#)):

Two Estimated Reference Points:

a. **Ball Reference Point:** The point where the original ball is estimated to have:

- Come to rest on the [course](#), or
- Last crossed the edge of the [course](#) boundary to go [out of bounds](#).

b. **Fairway Reference Point:** The point of fairway of the hole being played that is nearest to the ball reference point, but is not nearer the [hole](#) than the ball reference point.

For purposes of this Local Rule, “fairway” means any area of grass in the [general area](#) that is cut to fairway height or less.

If a ball is estimated to be [lost](#) on the [course](#) or last crossed the edge of the [course](#) boundary short of the fairway, the fairway reference point may be a grass path or a teeing ground for the hole being played cut to fairway height or less.

Size of Relief Area Based on Reference Points: Anywhere between:

- A line from the [hole](#) through the ball reference point (and within two [club-lengths](#) to the outside of that line), and
- A line from the [hole](#) through the fairway reference point (and within two [club-lengths](#) to the fairway side of that line).

But with these limits:

Limits on Location of Relief Area:

- Must be in the [general area](#), and
- Must not be nearer the [hole](#) than the ball reference point.

Once the player puts a ball [in play](#) under this Local Rule:

- The original ball that was [lost](#) or [out of bounds](#) is no longer [in play](#) and must not be played.

- This is true even if the ball is found on the [course](#) before the end of the three-minute search time (see [Rule 6.3b](#)).

But the player may not use this option to take relief for the original ball when:

- That ball is [known or virtually certain](#) to have come to rest in a [penalty area](#), or
- The player has played another ball provisionally under penalty of [stroke and distance](#) (see [Rule 18.3](#)).

A player may use this option to take relief for a provisional ball that has not been found or is known or virtually certain to be out of bounds.

Penalty for Playing Ball from a Wrong Place in Breach of Local Rule: [General Penalty Under Rule 14.7a](#).”